ATLANTIC TESTING LABORATORIES

WBE certified company

MIX VERIFICATION REPORT NUMBER AT2505CL-16B-05-18

CLIENT:	Oneonta Block Co.	PLACEMENT DATE:	May 14, 2018	(Monday)
PROJECT:	Mix Design Verification	CYLINDERS FABRIC	ATED BY: R. Field	
	Otsego Ready Mix, Inc.	SUPPLIER: Otseg	o Ready Mix, Inc.	
PLACEMEN	T LOCATION: Mix Design Verification	_	-	

MIX DESIGN DATA

MIX DATA OBTAINED FROM: Client DESIGN STRENGTH AT 28 DAYS: 4000 psi

PER cy:	CEMENT (lbs):	414	CEMENT BRAND:	Lafarge North America, type I/II
-	SLAG (lbs):	103	SLAG BRAND:	Essroc, Oswego, NY
	WATER (gals):	30	W/CM RATIO:	0.48
	FINE AGG. (lbs):	1337	FINE AGG. SOURCE:	Poland Sand and Gravel, Russia NY
	COARSE AGG. #2 (lbs):	900	COARSE AGG SOURCE:	Cobleskill Stone, Cobelskill, NY
	COARSE AGG. #1 (lbs):	900	COARSE AGG SOURCE:	Cobleskill Stone, Cobelskill, NY
	AEA (oz):	2.1	AEA BRAND:	AEA92, Euclid Chemical Co.
	WRA (oz):	15.5	WRA BRAND:	Eucon WR91, Euclid Chemical Co.

LABORATORY INFORMATION

At the request of Mr. Robert Harlem, representing Otsego Ready Mix, Inc., concrete testing was performed. Laboratory testing was performed in accordance with the following ASTM methods: C 31, C 138, C 143, C 231, and C 1064.

Fine Aggregate Absorption (%)	Coarse Aggregate Absorption (%)	Yield (cf)	Batch Number	Air (%)	Slump (in.)	Concrete Temperature (°F)	Plastic Unit Weight (pcf)	Volume (cf)	Number of Cylinders Fabricated
0.3	0.4	26.6	1	5.3	3.75	72	146.8	1.5	9

LABORATORY DATA (ASTM C 39, C 511, and C 1231)										
			Unit	Date		Cylinder	Total	Unit		
Cylinder	Batch	Slump	Weight	of	Age	Area	Load	Load	Sample	
I.D.	Number	(in.)	(pcf)	Test	(days)	(in. ²)	(lbs.)	(psi)	Location	
2505CL-136			148	5/17/18	3	12.44	41,780	3360		
2505CL-137			146	5/17/18	3	12.57	40,500	3220		
2505CL-138			147	5/21/18	7	12.44	57,220	4600		
2505CL-139			145	5/21/18	7	12.63	56,060	4440		
2505CL-140	1	3 ¾	147	6/11/18	28	12.44	77,130	6200	ATL Lab	
2505CL-141			147	611/18	28	12.44	75,950	6110		
2505CL-142			146	6/11/18	28	12.57	76,210	6070		
2505CL-143										
2505CL-144										

REMARKS

The design data was provided by the client.

The final curing was performed in tanks filled with lime saturated water.

Due to the violent release of energy stored in pads, the broken cylinder rarely exhibits conical fracture typical of capped cylinders, and the sketches of fracture in ASTMC 39 are not descriptive.

Sinander

Mix Designation: FS2