

ATLANTIC TESTING LABORATORIES

WBE certified company

MIX VERIFICATION REPORT NUMBER AT2505CL-15B-05-18

CLIENT: Oneonta Block Co. PLACEMENT DATE: (Monday) May 14, 2018

PROJECT: Mix Design Verification CYLINDERS FABRICATED BY: R. Field

Otsego Ready Mix. Inc. SUPPLIER: Otsego Ready Mix, Inc.

PLACEMENT LOCATION: Mix Design Verification

MIX DESIGN DATA

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MIX DATA OBTAINED FROM: Client		Mix Designation: FS1
DESIGN STRENGTH AT 28 DAYS:	3500 psi	_

Lafarge North America, type I/II PER cy: CEMENT (lbs): CEMENT BRAND: 376 Essroc, Oswego, NY

SLAG BRAND: SLAG (lbs): 94

WATER (gals): W/CM RATIO: 30 0.53 FINE AGG. (lbs): FINE AGG. SOURCE: Poland Sand and Gravel, Russia NY 1400 COARSE AGG. #2 (lbs): Cobleskill Stone, Cobelskill, NY 900 COARSE AGG SOURCE: COARSE AGG. #1 (lbs): 900 **COARSE AGG SOURCE:** Cobleskill Stone, Cobelskill, NY **AEA BRAND:** AEA92, Euclid Chemical Co. AEA (oz): 1.8 Eucon WR91, Euclid Chemical Co. WRA (oz): 14.1 **WRA BRAND:**

LABORATORY INFORMATION

At the request of Mr. Robert Harlem, representing Otsego Ready Mix, Inc., concrete testing was performed. Laboratory testing was performed in accordance with the following ASTM methods: C 31, C 138, C 143, C 231, and C 1064.

Fine Aggregate Absorption (%)	Coarse Aggregate Absorption (%)	Yield (cf)	Batch Number	Air (%)	Slump (in.)	Concrete Temperature (°F)	Plastic Unit Weight (pcf)	Volume (cf)	Number of Cylinders Fabricated
0.3	0.4	27.2	1	6.6	4.25	70	144.2	1.5	9

LABORATORY DATA (ASTM C 39, C 511, and C 1231)

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Cylinder I.D.	Batch Number	Slump (in.)	Unit Weight (pcf)	Date of Test	Age (days)	Cylinder Area (in.²)	Total Load (lbs.)	Unit Load (psi)	Sample Location
2505CL-127			143	5/17/18	3	12.50	31,040	2480	
2505CL-128			144	5/17/18	3	12.57	33,590	2670	
2505CL-129			143	5/21/18	7	12.50	43,160	3450	
2505CL-130			145	5/21/18	7	12.44	43,540	3500	
2505CL-131	1	4 1/4	144	6/11/18	28	12.57	67,260	5350	ATL Lab
2505CL-132			143	6/11/18	28	12.63	62,280	4930	
2505CL-133			144	6/11/18	28	12.57	60,430	4810	
2505CL-134									
2505CL-135									

REMARKS

The design data was provided by the client.

The final curing was performed in tanks filled with lime saturated water.

Due to the violent release of energy stored in pads, the broken cylinder rarely exhibits conical fracture typical of capped cylinders, and the sketches of fracture in ASTMC 39 are not descriptive.

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Reviewed by:		Date:	June 14, 2018	