ATLANTIC TESTING LABORATORIES

WBE certified company

MIX VERIFICATION REPORT NUMBER AT2505CL-19B-05-18

CLIENT:	Oneonta Block Co.	PLACEMENT I	DATE:	May 15, 2018	(Monday)
PROJECT:	Mix Design Verification	CYLINDERS F	ABRICATED B	Y: R. Field	
	Otsego Ready Mix, Inc.	SUPPLIER:	Otsego Ready	Mix, Inc.	
PLACEMEN	T LOCATION: Mix Design Verification				

MIX DESIGN DATA

Mix Designation: 04021ISI-S

MIX DATA OBTAINED FROM: Client		
DESIGN STRENGTH AT 28 DAYS:	3000	psi

PER cy:	CEMENT (lbs):	432	CEMENT BRAND:	Lafarge North America, type I/II
-	SLAG (lbs):	108	SLAG BRAND:	Essroc, Oswego, NY
	WATER (gals):	33.6	W/CM RATIO:	0.52
	FINE AGG. (lbs):	1530	FINE AGG. SOURCE:	Poland Sand and Gravel, Russia NY
	COARSE AGG. #2 (lbs):	825	COARSE AGG SOURCE:	Cobleskill Stone, Cobelskill, NY
	COARSE AGG. #1 (lbs):	825	COARSE AGG SOURCE:	Cobleskill Stone, Cobelskill, NY
	AEA (oz):		AEA BRAND:	AEA92, Euclid Chemical Co.
	WRA (oz):	16.2	WRA BRAND:	Eucon WR91, Euclid Chemical Co.

LABORATORY INFORMATION

At the request of Mr. Robert Harlem, representing Otsego Ready Mix, Inc., concrete testing was performed. Laboratory testing was performed in accordance with the following ASTM methods: C 31, C 138, C 143, C 231, and C 1064.

Fine Aggregate Absorption (%)	Coarse Aggregate Absorption (%)	Yield (cf)	Batch Number	Air (%)	Slump (in.)	Concrete Temperature (°F)	Plastic Unit Weight (pcf)	Volume (cf)	Number of Cylinders Fabricated
0.3	0.4	26.7	1	2.4	3.5	71	149.6	1.5	9

LABORATORY DATA (ASTM C 39, C 511, and C 1231)										
			Unit	Date		Cylinder	Total	Unit		
Cylinder	Batch	Slump	Weight	of	Age	Area	Load	Load	Sample	
I.D.	Number	(in.)	(pcf)	Test	(days)	(in. ²)	(lbs.)	(psi)	Location	
2505CL-163			149	5/18/18	3	12.57	45,180	3590		
2505CL-164			149	5/18/18	3	12.63	44,370	3510		
2505CL-165			150	5/22/18	7	12.50	64,730	5180		
2505CL-166			150	5/22/18	7	12.50	62,750	5020		
2505CL-167	1	3 1⁄2	148	6/12/18	28	12.63	85,570	6780	ATL Lab	
2505CL-168			150	6/12/18	28	12.57	89,860	7150		
2505CL-169			148	6/12/18	28	12.63	84,170	6660		
2505CL-170										
2505CL-171										

REMARKS

The design data was provided by the client.

The final curing was performed in tanks filled with lime saturated water.

Due to the violent release of energy stored in pads, the broken cylinder rarely exhibits conical fracture typical of capped cylinders, and the sketches of fracture in ASTMC 39 are not descriptive.

Sinander